



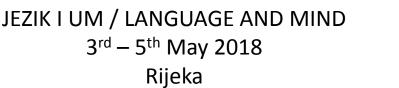


The conceptualization of music categories in word sketches

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Croatian music terminology

- Problems of basic contemporary musical terminology in Croatia (CONMUSTERM), 2014 – 2018, Croatian Science Foundation (HRZZ)
- inconsistency in terminology use within the system of formal music education (parallel elementary and secondary music education, highschool level, music academies)

aim: propose a contemporary lexical norm which would correspond with the demands of the musical domain.

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Specialized knowledge categories

- dynamic nature of categorization, concept storage and retrieval, and cognitive processing
- categories of specialized knowledge: have fuzzy boundaries and evolve over time; generic or base-level and peripheral
- categories such as agent, process, patient or instrument – concept roles characteristic of a specialized domain (Faber 2011)
- defined on the basis of concept relations extracted out of contextual information

Dynamics of specialized knowledge categories (DIKA)

- installation research project, HRZZ, 2018 2023 **research**: terminological units and specialized knowledge categories at conceptual and linguistic levels; syntactic and semantic analyses of the syntagmatic term relations; communicative functions of terms in discourse
 - theoretical framework of Frame Semantics and Frame-based Terminology

results:

- English—Croatian parallel corpus in the domain of air traffic
- terminological database of semantic frames in aviation (*AirFrame*)

Semantic frames

Frame Semantics (Fillmore 1976, 1982, 1985;
 Fillmore and Atkins 1992)

frame = $_{,(...)}$ a system of categories structured in accordance with some motivating context" (Fillmore 1982: 119)

- users share knowledge of categories the basis for understanding each other
- use is a necessary prerequisite for structuring of categories

words: "(...) lexical representatives of some single coherent schematization of experience or knowledge" (Fillmore 1985: 223).

13	2 Pre-flight	Pre-flight checks Delays and problems Local conditions	Asking for more time Giving a reason Saying what you're going to do Saying there's a problem Requesting action
21	Ground movements	Airport markings and airside vehicles Taxiing and holding Weather problems	Permission, obligation, prohibition Explaining problems Saying a problem has been solved
29	4 Departure, climbing, and cruising	Take-off Encountering traffic Warnings about hazards	Checking and asking for an alternative Using prepositions of position Saying how much Warnings and requests Time expressions Giving reasons
37	5 En route events	Operational situations Unusual events Medical situations	Comparing things Talking about probability
45	6 Contact and approach	Descent Weather conditions Approach and landing problems	Talking about time Explaining changes in plans Talking about cause and effect Requests

Music in semantic frames

To "organize" music into semantic frames:

- take into account domain characteristics (diachronic conceptual change, overlapping of general and specialized knowledge, abstract objects, metaphorical organization of basic music categories)
- distinguish between complex categories and specific concepts
- construction of semantic frames: semiautomatic corpus based methods and manually analysed data

Analysing word sketches

- small corpus of textbooks in music theory compiled in Sketch Engine
- word sketches (WS) for most frequent terms (tempo, tonality, tone, pitch, scale, rhythm, melody, harmonic, etc.)
- automatic linguistic description offered by word sketches followed by an analysis of term concordances
- how much information is terminologically relevant?
- expert validation terms in green
- frame elements defined on the basis of FrameNet methodology

nitch (noun) Alternative PoS: verb (48)

pitch (noun)	ham co	native Pos inference	5: <u>verb</u> (48) e freq = <u>2,595</u> (1,780.	.86 per m	nillion)											
modifiers of "pitch"			nouns and verbs mo	dified b	y "pitch"	verbs with	"pitch" as	object	verbs with "pitch"	as sub	ect	"pitch" a	nd/or	· <u></u>		
		34.68			23.70			29.02		13	.53			10.56		
low	80	10.87	class	<u>76</u>	11.55	give	<u>70</u>	10.53	sound 16	9	9.95	pitch	28	10.71		
the lower pitch			pitch classes			the given	pitch		be + <u>184</u>		8.85	duration	8	9.59		
high	36	10.03	pattern +	137	11.51	raise	27	9.72	pitch is			rhythm	13	9.45		
higher pitch			PITCH PATTERN			raises the	e pitch		create 8		8.74	root	6	8.80		
upper	32	9.58	content	25	10.10	start	19	9.46	step 4		8.43	ine	7	8.58		
the upper pitch			the pitch content	of the		the start	ing pitch		want 4		8.42	interval	6	8.57		
same	46	9.55	collection	<u>16</u>	9.53	lower	18	9.29	belong 4		8.33	inversion	5	8.24		
the same pitch			pitch collection			hear	17	9.00	represent 5		8.19	mode	5	8.11		
specific	23	9.35	level	16	9.22	identify	13	8.69	form 4		8.08	note	7	7.97		
or as a specific pit	tch in a	melody	pitch level			notate	11	8.65	have 16		8.03	harmony	5	7.75		
stationary	17	9.23	name	17	8.99	use	31	8.61	pitch has			scale	4	7.71		
a Stationary Pitch			pitch names			pitches u	sed		seem 4		8.02	triad	4	7.61		
chromatic	30	9.18	space	10	8.59	sound	10	8.60	become 5		7.98	example	4	7.48		
chromatic pitches			pitch space			find	<u>15</u>	8.57	follow 5		7.78	3	4	7.38		
single	22	9.09	organization	8	8.40	involve	11	8.55	prepositional phr	ases		adjec	tive p	oredica	ites of	f "pitch"
a single pitch			material	10	8.33	pitches in	nvolved		of "pitch"	266	10.25					1.97
different	21	8.97	pitch material			contain	14	8.54	"pitch" in	115	4.43	retrog	rade		8	12.11
different pitches .			classes	6	8.30	alter	10	8.48	"pitch" of	89	3.43	high			<u>6</u>	10.85
tonic	20	8.79	realm	<u>6</u>	8.27	relate	9	8.33	to "pitch"	84	3.24	W-24-4				
the tonic pitch			prominence	<u>5</u>	8.02	sing	10	8.32	on "pitch"	<u>52</u>	2.00	<u>"pitch</u>	15 a			1.39
first	28	8.59	domain	<u>5</u>	7.91	add	11	8.28	"pitch" as	<u>46</u>	1.77	degre			<u>4</u>	11.19
the first pitch			combination	<u>5</u>	7.85	remain	8	8.22	between "pitch"	_	1.77	root			<u> </u>	11.02
more	16	8.46	range	<u>5</u>	7.81	represent	10	8.20	for "pitch"	<u>30</u>	1.16					
or more pitches			system	9	7.77	produce	10	8.20	with "pitch"	<u>28</u>	1.08	posse	ssors	of "pit	ch"	
diatonic	15	8.44	repertoire	4	7.66	have	18	8.16	from "pitch" "pitch" with	24	0.92					0.62
diatonic pitches			c	8	7.58	possess	<u>7</u>	8.11	"pitch" on	21 21	0.81	note		<u>5</u>		12.41
third	14	8.37	structure	8	7.58	double	<u>7</u>	8.02	in "pitch"	20	0.77					
the third pitch			d	8	7.58	adjust	<u>6</u>	8.00	"pitch" by	19	0.73					
additional	10	8.27	relation	5	7.57	distribute	<u>6</u>	7.98	"pitch" to	19	0.73					
additional pitches			interval	9	7.53	ignore	<u>6</u>	7.95	as "pitch"	18	0.69					
other	20	8.19	letter	4	7.50				"pitch" above	<u>12</u>	0.46					
other pitches			relationship	<u>5</u>	7.49				by "pitch"	<u>10</u>	0.39					
concert	8	8.14	duration	4	7.45				above "pitch"	<u>10</u>	0.39					
		•							"pitch" within	<u>10</u>	0.39					
									"pitch" from	9	0.35					
									before "pitch"	8	0.31					
									"pitch" between		0.31					
									below "pitch"	8	0.31					

Pitch (1)

modifiers of pitch according to the WS:

- pitch height: low pitch, high pitch, stationary pitch, upper pitch, lowest-sounding pitch
- context description (type of): diatonic pitch, chromatic
 pitch in Croatian these are not full terms! (AE)
 - e.g. diatonic pitch set, diatonic pitch class, chromatic pitch shift, chromatic pitch material...
- role of pitch in context: *final pitch, tonic pitch, dominant pitch* (in concordances)
- false terms: same pitch, single pitch, first pitch, more pitches, third pitch, additional pitch, different pitch, specific pitch, second pitch, original pitch, virtual pitch

Piccii birmigna	со	incrence i										
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or more pitches			system	9	7.77	produce	<u>10</u>	8.20				
diatonic	15	8.44	repertoire	4	7.66	have	18	8.16				

Pitch (2)

modified by pitch

- sets: pitch class, pitch collection, pitch content (hr. tonska zaliha nekog skupa), pitch material (hr. tonski materijal sastavljen od različitih visina tonova), pitch pattern, pitch events (in concordances); NO pitch class set that is one of the basic terms, but pc set and pcs
- relations between pitches: pitch proximity, pitch organization, pitch combination
- areas defined by pitch: pitch space, pitch realm, pitch domain
- pitch characteristics: pitch spelling, pitch name, pitch height, pitch prominence, pitch information, pitch duration, pitch structure (Having analyzed the longrange pitch structure of "Clementine")

Verbs with *pitch* (1)

pitch as an object

- height: raise pitch, lower pitch; starting pitch →
 should be in the group with modifiers (final
 pitch); given pitch not a term
- pitch as an object that can be manipulated or owned: give pitch, contain pitch, use pitch, involve pitch, find pitch, add pitch, possess pitch, double pitch, distribute pitch, have pitch, play pitch, arrange pitch, sustain pitch – not terms!
- pitch characteristics: represent pitch, notate pitch, identify pitch, associate pitch, ignore pitch, indicate pitch – not terms!

Other constructions

pitch as a subject

pitches sound / pitches follow (a pattern) / pitches create, pitches form (a class) – personification

pitch and/or (coordination)

- pitch and/or rhythm, pitch and/or duration, pitch and/or time – opposites that relate to the duration, independent of pitch
- interval, harmony, chord, scale, time... depend on pitch

prepositional phrases with pitch

all related to the spatial conceptualization of pitch: on pitch, between pitch, from pitch, in pitch, at pitch, above pitch...

Semantic frame Pitch

- core elements
 - value: the position or area on the feature scale
 - attribute: low pitch, high pitch
- non-core elements
 - relation: diatonic pitch, chromatic pitch, enharmonic pitch, pitch organization
 - name: A G
 - direction: tonic pitch, final pitch
 - location: pitch space
 - set: pitch class, pitch set, pitch collection, pitch class set
- related frames: Tonality, Scale, Harmony, Melody, Chord

Spatial relations

- music conceptualized in terms of two types of spatial conceptual relations: pitch and time (duration)
- most semantic frames display both modes of conceptual organization
- semantic frame of Pitch is a subframe of the larger frame of Tonality – conceptualization of music in terms of spatial organization
- frames Meter, Rhythm and Tempo show the conceptualization of music in terms of temporal relations

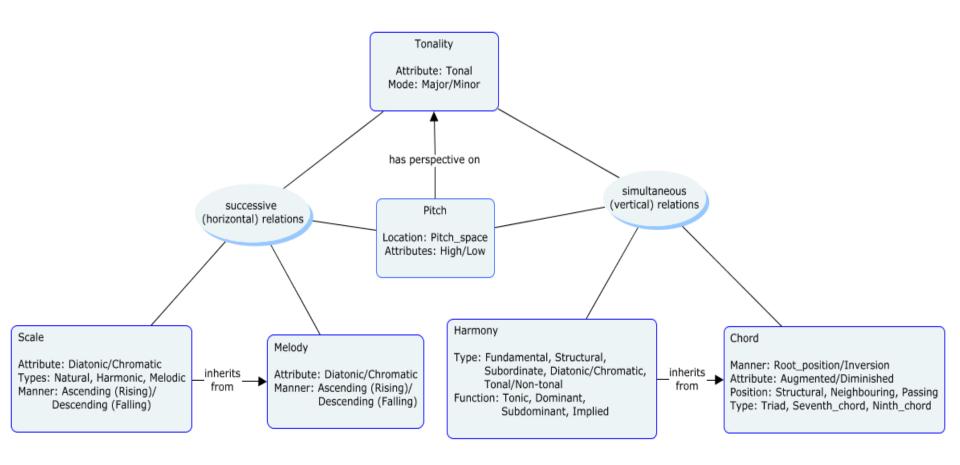


Figure 4. Schema of the semantic frame **Tonality**

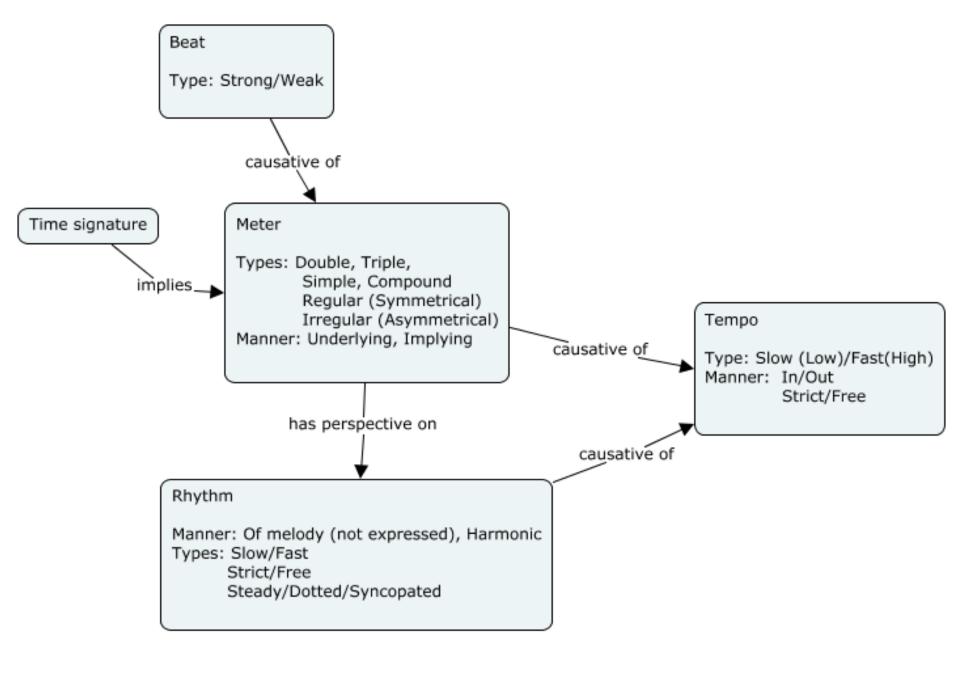


Figure 5. Schema of the frames **Meter**, **Rhythm** and **Tempo**

Results

 results of Sketch Engine analysis compared to Grove Music Online music database

	SkE	GMO
low pitch	46	107
high pitch	23	202
chromatic pitch	21	17
diatonic pitch	14	6
stationary pitch	17	0
dominant pitch	10	2

Some proposed terms not validated (only multiword units, not terms): second pitch, third pitch, distinct pitch, upper pitch, single pitch.

Application

- terminological description of knowledge categories on all levels: conceptual, linguistic (multilingual) – intercultural differences
- growing need for merging general language and specialized language linguistic resources
- development of computational tools and specialized translation
- semantic frames in LSP teaching
- frames as explicit connection between conceptual and linguistic level

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Međunarodna konferencija

Terminološka istraživanja u muzikologiji i humanističkim znanostima

ZAGREB / 25. - 26. svibnja 2018.

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This work has been fully supported by the Croatian Science Foundation under the projects HRZZ-UIP-2017-05-7169 and HRZZ-IP-5355/2013.